

Maths Assessment - Band 4

Name _____

	Number & Place Value	Addition & Subtraction	Multiplication & Division	Fractions (including decimals)	Measurement	Properties of Shape	Position and Direction	Statistics
Band 4	I can count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1,000 I can find 1,000 more or less than a given number I can count backwards through 0 to include negative numbers I can recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number (1,000s, 100s, 10s and 1s) I can order and compare numbers beyond 1,000 I can identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations I can round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1,000 I can solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers I can read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of 0 and place value.	I can add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate I can estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation I can solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why.	I can recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 × 12 I can use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together 3 numbers I can recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations I can multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout I can solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by 1 digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects.	 I can recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions I can count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by a 100 and dividing tenths by 10. I can solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including nonunit fractions where the answer is a whole number I can add and subtract fractions with the same denominator I can recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths I can recognise and write decimal equivalents to ½; ½; ½ I can find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths I can round decimals with 1 decimal place to the nearest whole number I can compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to 2 decimal places I can solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to 2 decimal places. 	I can convert between different units of measure I can measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres I can find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares I can estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence I can read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12 and 24-hour clocks I can solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes, minutes to seconds, years to months, weeks to days	I can compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes I can identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to 2 right angles by size I can identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations I can complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry.	I can describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant I can describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down I can plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon.	I can interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs I can solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs.